# Dairy Product Conservation and Waste Minimization at Kemps

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# **Company Background**

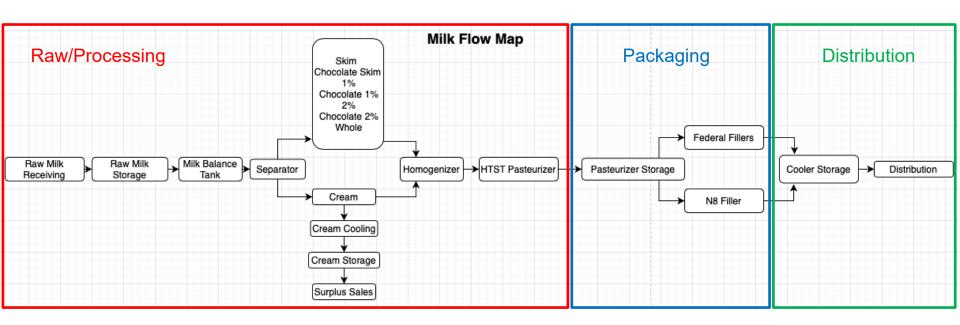
## **Kemps - North Minneapolis**

- Manufacturer of Packaged Milk and Cream
- Built in 1887, Kemps in 1979
- 120 employees + 60 drivers
- 51,000,000 gal of milk annually (165,000 gal per day)











# **Incentives to Change**

## **Dairy Product Conservation**

- Reduce product lost to wastewater
  - Average Shrink of 2%
  - Shrink: 100 jugs made, 98 jugs make it to distribution
- Evaluate key processes for milk loss
- Decrease MCES strength charges resulting from milk loss to drain





## **Rework in Cooler Room**

Rework: reprocessing into saleable product

Human Food By-Product (Slop): Reprocessing into animal feed

- Rework becomes slop if within
   7 days of expiration
- Trucking and disposal





## **Rework in Cooler Room**

#### **Current Process**

- Product for rework stored throughout cooler rooms
  - Marked by bottle flipped over
- Rework moved once a week
  - More often if time
- Any product unable to be reworked is sent to human food by-product





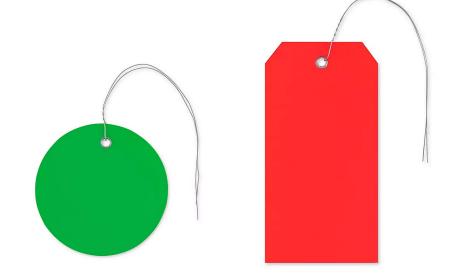
## **Recommendations for Rework**

### **Proposed Solution**

- Implement reusable red and green tags to mark rework and slop
- Allows rework to be easily distinguished from slop
- Cost: \$140 per year

### **Potential Savings**

- 233,000 gallons of milk
- \$284,000 in revenue





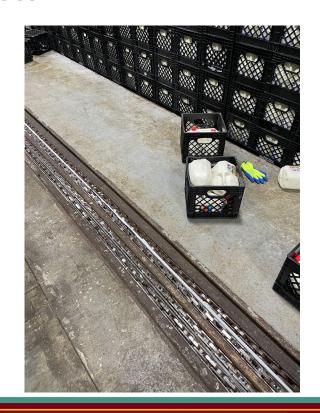
## **Recommendations for Rework**

#### **Proposed Solution**

- Additional employee to pick up product for rework
- Prevents rework from being missed and sent to slop
- Cost: \$98,000

#### **Potential Savings**

- 233,000 gallons of milk
- \$123,000 of costs in slop transport
- 1.24 metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>





## **Federal Fillers**

#### Rotary filler for half and full gallon jugs

## Start Up:

- Milk is run through to rinse out sanitizer
- Milk flow is shut off manually once sanitizer is removed

#### Shut Down:

- At end of run, remaining milk is discharged to floor drain
- Bowl and lines are rinsed before cleaning





## **Recommendations for Federal Fillers**

#### **Proposed Solution for Start Up**

- Implement an inline conductivity sensor before bowl of filler
- Eliminates operator variability in shutoff time
- Cost: TBD

### **Potential Annual Savings**

- 94,000 gallons of milk
- \$114,000 in revenue
- \$38,000 in strength charges





## **Recommendations for Federal Fillers**

#### **Proposed Solution for Shut Down**

- Best practice sharing between operators
- Reduce milk left in bowl before filler is shut down
- Cost: \$1,000

#### **Potential Annual Savings**

- 29,000 gallons of milk
- \$35,000 in revenue
- \$11,700 in strength charges





## **Solutions**

Recommendation	Annual reduction	Total cost	Annual savings	Payback period	Status
Implement tags to distinguish rework and slop	233,000 gal milk  1.24 metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub>	\$140	\$123,000 + \$284,000 product saved	1 day	Recommended
Designate employee to oversee rework management		\$98,000		3 months	Recommended
Implement best practice for filler shutdown	29,000 gal milk	\$1,000	Revenue: \$35,000 Strength Charges: \$11,700	2 weeks	Recommended
Install conductivity probe prior to filler bowl	94,000 gal milk	TBD	Revenue: \$114,000 Strength Charges: \$38,000	TBD	Recommended



# **Future Savings Opportunities**

- Implement pressure relief valve and use air blower to clear raw lines
- Evaluate process for line leaks
- Capture sanitizer milk mixture from fillers and send to digester





## **Personal Benefits**

- Experience working in industry with professionals
- Gained knowledge about dairy facilities
- Discovered ways to promote conservation



