

The background of the slide is a grayscale photograph of industrial machinery. On the left side, there is a prominent pressure gauge with a white face and black markings, showing a reading of approximately 0.4. The rest of the image shows various pipes, valves, and mechanical components of a mill.

# Energy Efficiency at Faribault Mill

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**UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA**

**Driven to Discover<sup>SM</sup>**

# Faribault Mill Background

- **Company description**
  - 100 employees, began production in 1865.
  - Vertically integrated
  - Current building constructed in 1892
  - Oldest machinery from 1905
- **Intern project goals**
  - Explore energy efficiency
  - Determine water heating solution

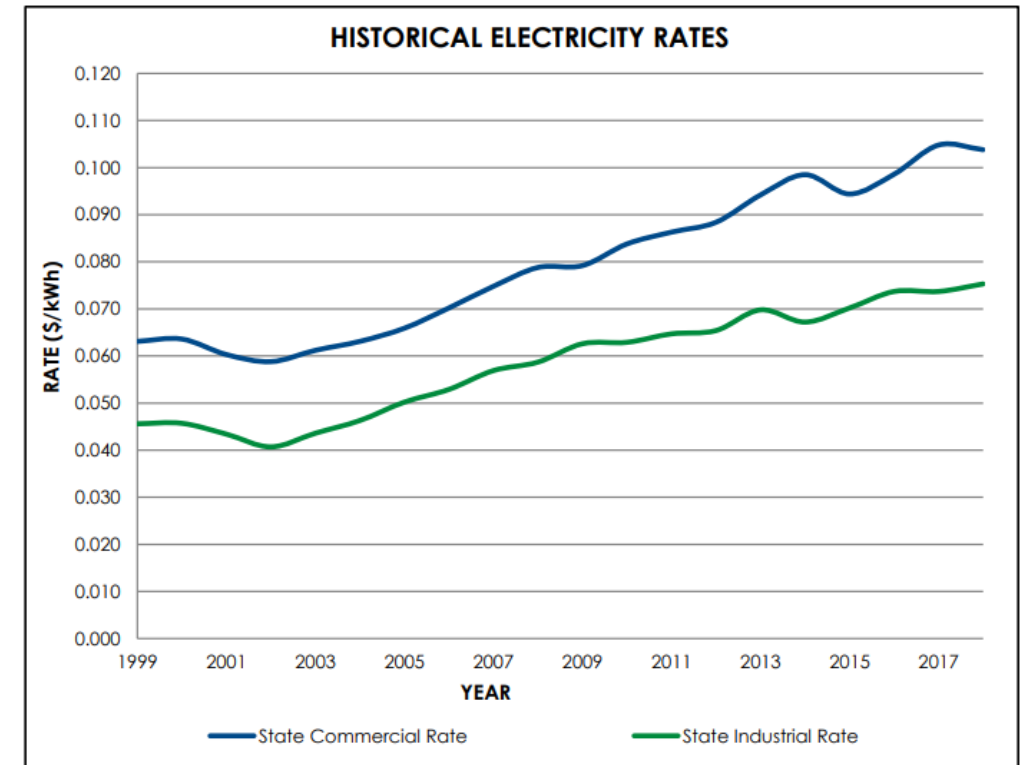
**FARIBAULT MILL**  
— SINCE 1865 —



*Image source: faribaultmill.com*

# Incentives For Change

- **Rising Energy Costs**
  - Electricity: 65% increase from 1999 to 2018
  - Electricity: proposed 24% increase by 2024
  - Natural gas : 65% increase in last 4 months
- **Current Facility Improvement Projects**



*Image source: US EIA Report: 1999-2018 via One Energy*

# Project Overview

- Hot Water Requirements
- Fluorescent Lighting to LED Upgrades
- Compressed Air
- Electric Motors



*Model of the on-site water heater  
Image source: Kemco Laundry Catalog*

# Increase Water Heating Capacity

## • Initial State

- 1 water heater
- 3 washing/fulling machines
- New dryer
- 1 additional fuller coming soon

	New Demand	Current Supply
Hot Water GPM	223	90
Total Water GPM	385	150
Btu / h	8,800,000	4,500,000
Tank Size (gal)	—	2800

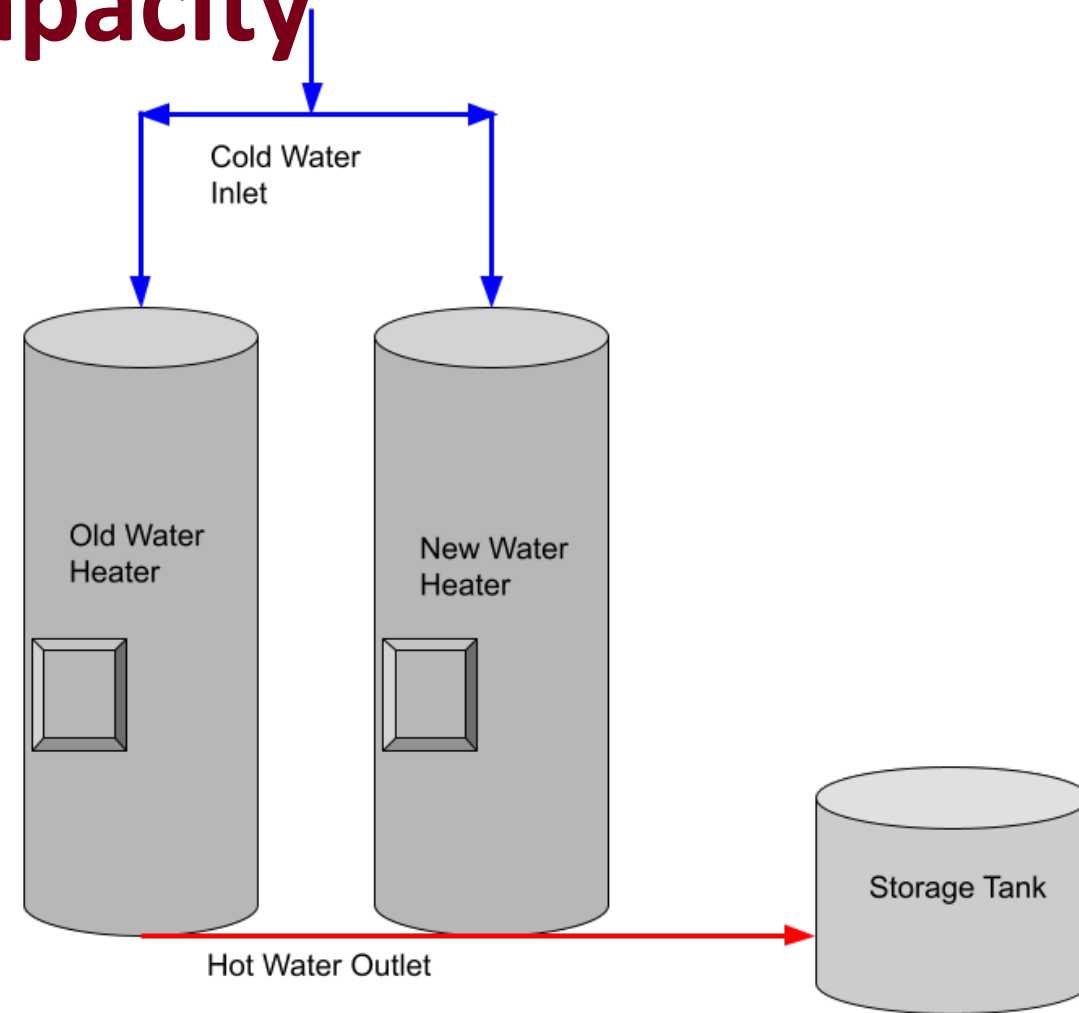




# Increase Water Heating Capacity

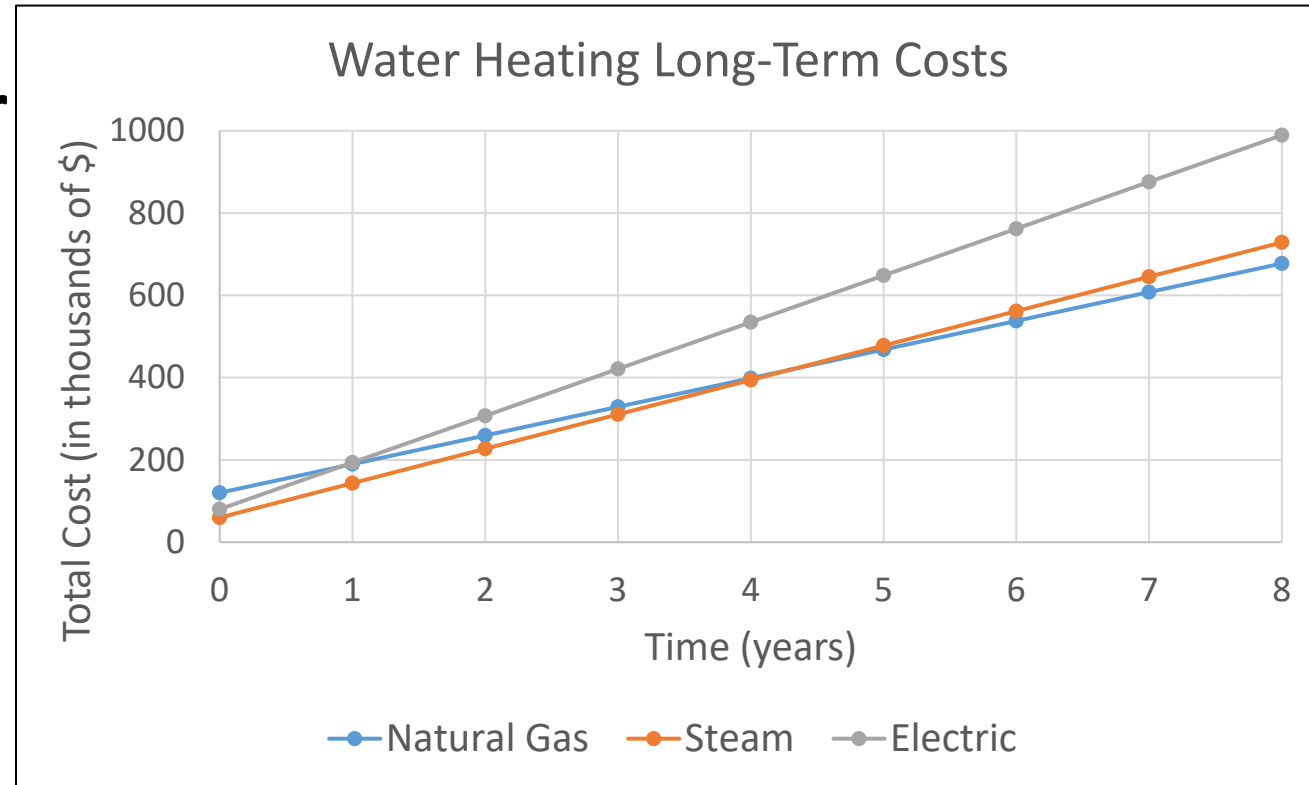
- **How to find more heat?**

- Increase tank set temp
- Steal heat from somewhere else
- Increase inlet temperature
- Increase tank size
- Purchase single unit to replace current unit
- Purchase second unit to aid current unit



# Increase Water Heating Capacity

- **Must acquire new water heater**
  - One large unit
  - **One additional, smaller unit**
- **3 methods**
  - Electricity
  - **Natural Gas direct-fired**
  - Natural Gas indirect-fired (steam)



# Water Heating Recommendations

- **Efficiency & Long-Term Costs**

Type	Efficiency
Direct Contact Heater	98%
Tank-Type Heater	94%
Steam Heating System	83%
Electric	99%

- **What do we gain?**



*A Water Heater Option  
Image source: ogipe.com*



# Water Heating Recommendations

- **Recommendation**

- Purchase additional Direct Contact Water Heater
- Retain current controls, water heater, and storage tank

- **Benefits**

- **Drawbacks**

# Summary of Recommendations

Recommendation	Annual reduction	Total cost	Annual savings	Payback period	Status
Upgrade Water Heater		\$90,000 - \$130,000	\$600,000 in production	3-6 months	Recommended
Upgrade Production Lighting	80,000 kWh 33.5 kW demand	\$36,400	\$11,000	3.5 years	Recommended
Upgrade Storefront Lighting	14,300 kWh 5.8 kW demand	\$700	\$1,950	5 months	Recommended
Compressed Air Restoration	19,290 kWh	\$960	\$1,550	8 months	Implementing
Implement Motor Table	Motor dependent	-	-	-	Implemented
Upgrade Other Lighting Zones	17,000 kWh	TBD	\$1,250	TBD	Recommended by 2030

# Project Summary

- **Energy Efficiency**

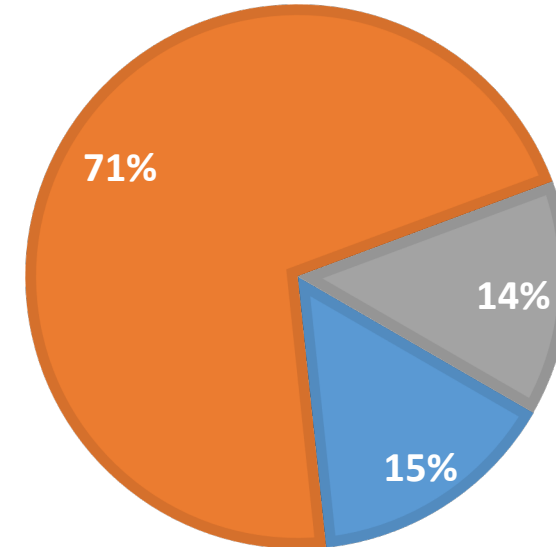
- Motors
- Lighting
- Compressed Air
- Power Demand
- Driven Equipment

- **Increased Production Capability**

- Water Heater

## ELECTRICITY USAGE BREAKDOWN

■ Lighting ■ Electric Motors ■ Other



# Personal Experience

- **Acquired manufacturing experience**
  - Machine design
  - Facility layout
- **Pursued large and small optimizations**
  - Little improvements add up
  - Balancing supply with demand
- **Worked directly with vendors**
- **Found there are no “simple” systems**

